

# SAT

Synergies  
Autonomous  
Transport



Med stöd från

**VINNOVA**  
Sveriges innovationsmyndighet

 **Energimyndigheten**

**FORMAS** 

Strategiska  
innovations-  
program

 **DRIVE SWEDEN**



## Goals

- Make future urban freight and passenger transport more sustainable, efficient, accessible and safe.
- Cooperation between robot and bus
- Testing with potential users at Chalmers

# Execution



## **Business Models & Incentives**

Handels



## **Urban Development**

Prepair the real estate industry on a future with autonomous



## **Transport Efficiency and CO2 reduction**

Chalmers



## **Digital backbone**

Ericsson Innovation Cloud



## **User Centered Design**

Chalmers



## **Create a concept and working prototypes**

Hugo



## **Testing**

Keolis

# Business Models & Incentives: Handels

## Conclusions

- All parties see value in autonomous solutions
- A completely autonomous transport system is perceived as costly and far into the future
- Driving lanes designated for autonomous vehicles if flexible usage is made possible
- A local mobility center that offers a variety of local services is expected to create economic and social value
- A need for regulation that is long term but flexible

# Urban Development

## Samverkande Autonoma Transporter

- Leveransrobot och självkörande buss testas tillsammans på Chalmers med syftet att se hur gods- och persontransporter kan samverka i stadsmiljö.
- Partners:  
Akademiska Hus, Chalmers, Chalmersfastigheter, Ericsson, Framtiden Byggutveckling, Göteborgs Stad (trafikkontoret), Göteborgs Universitet, Hugo Delivery (projektledare), Johanneberg Science Park, Keolis, Landvetter Södra Utveckling AB, Mölndala Fastighets AB, PostNord, Riksbyggen, Skanska, Tele2, Västtrafik, Wallenstam
- Finansiering: Vinnova inom innovationsprogrammet Drive Sweden.

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 **Johanneberg  
Science Park**

# Transport Efficiency

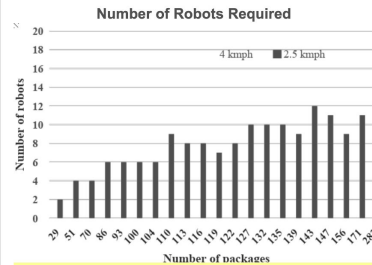
## 1- Assessing the efficiency of goods deliveries by robots



- How to pack robots?
- What route should the robots take?
- How many robots are required?
- Are robots' energy efficient compared to e-vans?

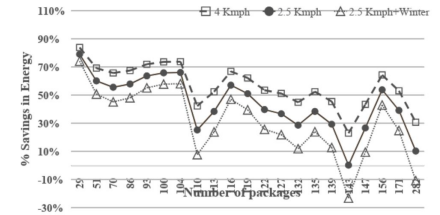


## 1- Robot delivery efficiency



- 7-8 robots sufficient for 50% of cases
- 2-18 robots required depending on demand
- 6 tours/ robot
- Depends on demand, robot speed and time window

Energy Savings Compared with Pickup



- Savings of -23% to 84% in energy compared to pickup
- Average savings of 27% is possible
- Beneficial unless during winters, and at lower speeds
- Depends on freight demand, typology, and dimensions

Potential energy saving of 27%



# Ericsson Innovation Cloud



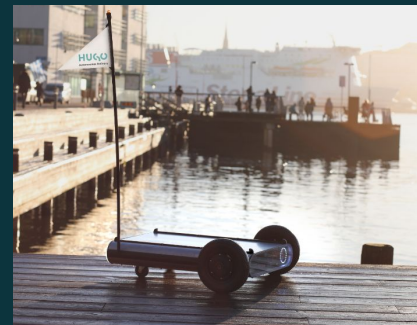
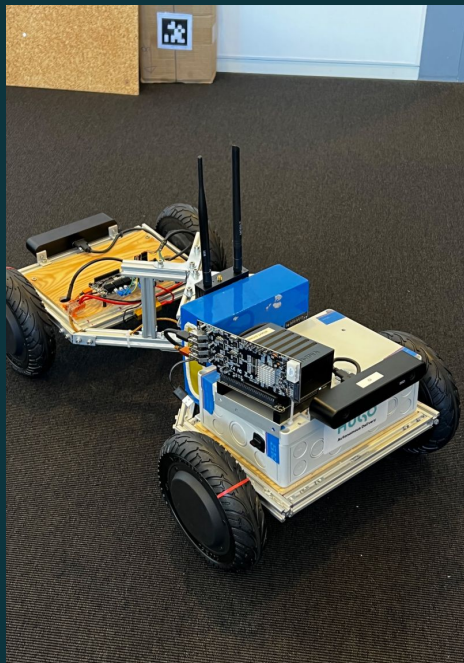
# User Centered Design

- There is great potential for a positive user experience and acceptance
- Standardization will be required for aspects such as driving behavior, but also for the surrounding robot delivery system

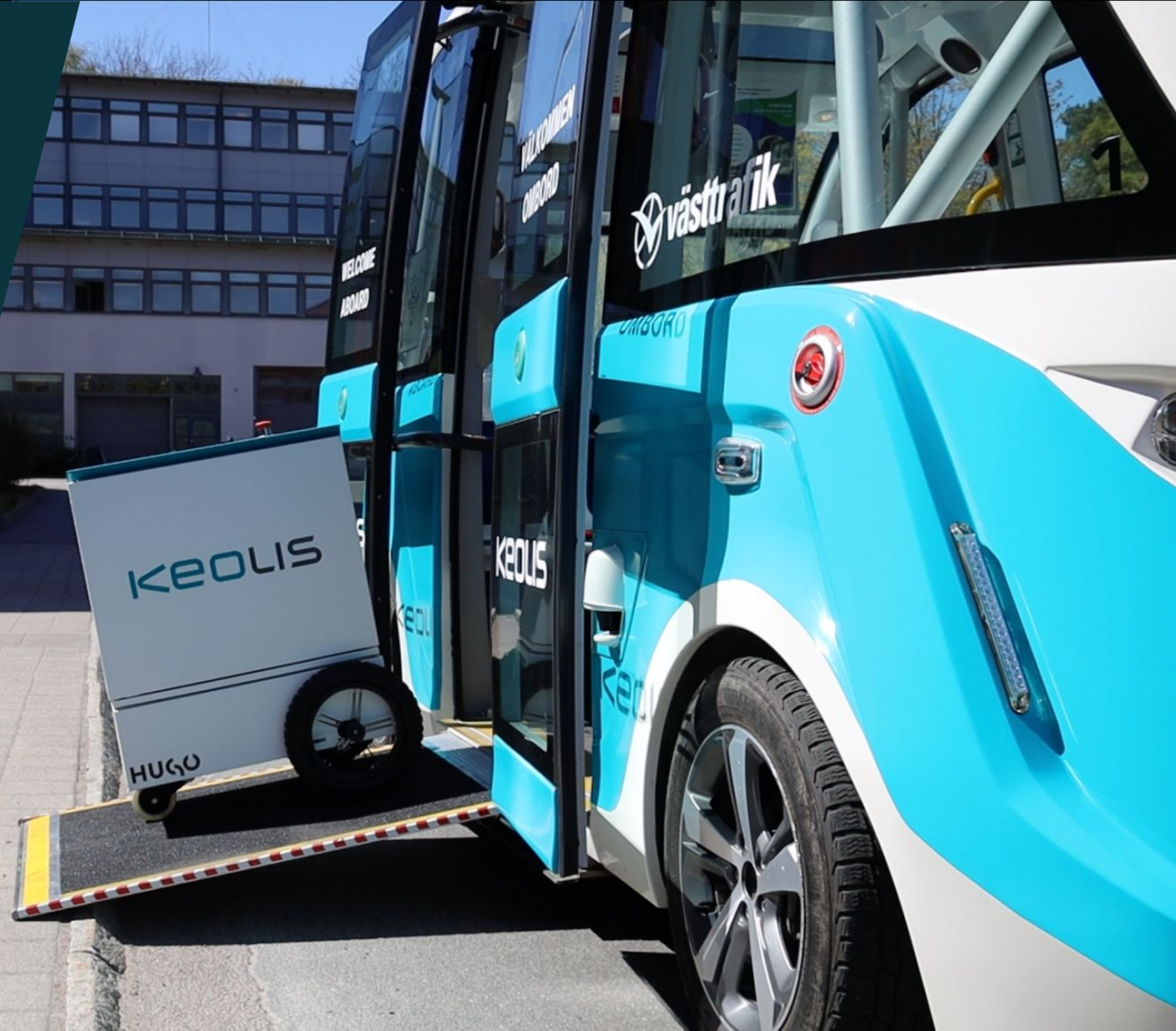




# Hugo, concepts and prototypes



# Collaboration between robot and bus



# Results

- Workshops with real estate
- Robot + Bus Concept tested
- Unattended deliveries concept initially tested
- Potential energy saving of 27%
- More development needed for rollout.  
Communication protocol, localization, user  
interaction, standardisation

